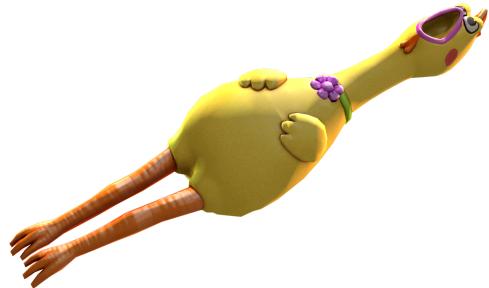


**FOXDOT
AND THE SUMMER OF
2019**



LIGTNING TALKS

- 5 minutes
- no CFP
- no Q&A



Russell Keith-Magee
@freakboy3742

▼

Anybody who ever says Australians are weird: Cthulhu is currently on stage at [@pythonbrasil](#)

[Traduzir Tweet](#)



6:31 PM · 16 de out de 2016 de Ilha Florianópolis, Florianópolis · Tweetbot for iOS

↪ Você retweetou



Mário Sérgio @sergiomarioq · 10 de out de 2017



Stand by me <3



Python Brasil @pythonbrasil · 10 de out de 2017

O que dizer da comunidade python? Só amor ❤ #pybr13
#uaipython



505 visualizações

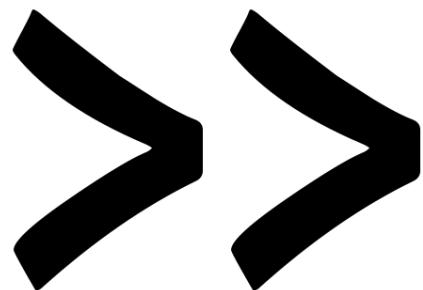
0:05 / 0:15



↪ 1

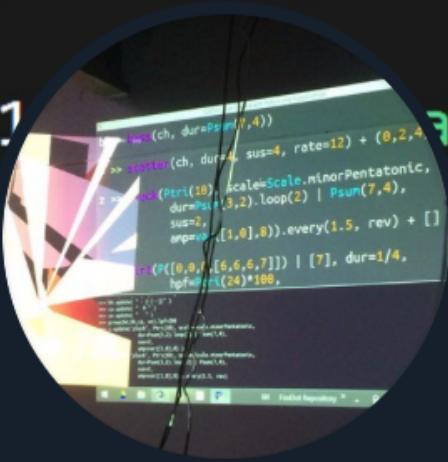
❤ 3





what is **FoxDot**?

```
d1 >> play(P["X{[-[--][-x]}|0{[-[--]0}}"].stutter(3), sample=2, lpf=var([0,400],[28,4]))
```



```
b1 >> play(ch, dur=PDur(1,4))  
s1 >> start(ch, dur=4, sus=4, rate=12) + (0,2,4,  
sus=2, op=4) + [0,7]
```



Seguindo

FoxDot

@FoxDotCode

Official twitter account for FoxDot; the Python based language for live coding

Traduzir bio

 foxdot.org  Ingressou em junho de 2017

123 seguindo 622 seguidores



Seguido por Ryan Kirkbride e Algorave



A purple circle containing three smaller purple circles arranged horizontally.

Seguindo

Ryan Kirkbride

@ryankirkbride26

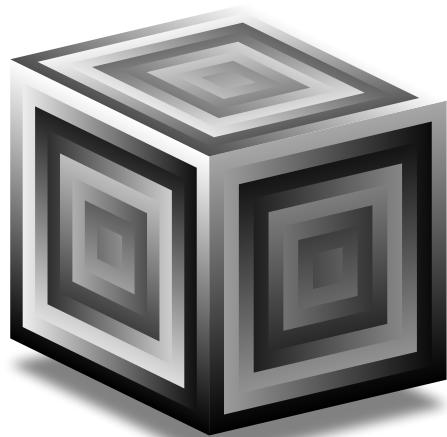
PhD Student at the University of Leeds researching collaboration in Live Coding. Developer of [@FoxDotCode](#), live coder and member of [@TYPEensemble](#)

Traduzir bio

 Leeds, England  ryan-kirkbride.github.io

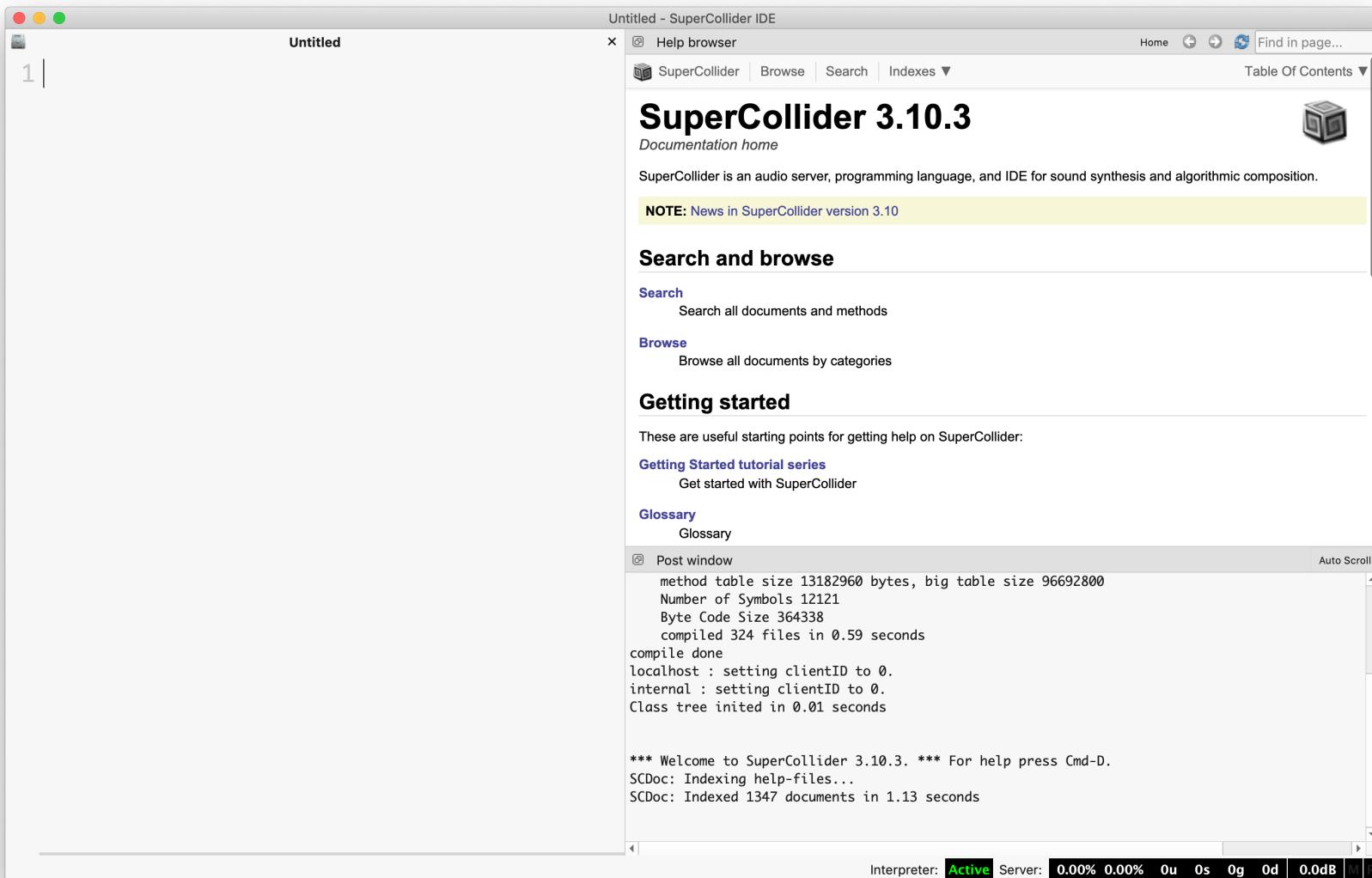
 Ingressou em outubro de 2015

445 seguido **604** seguidores



SuperCollider

SuperCollider editor



SuperCollider syntax

The screenshot shows the SuperCollider IDE interface. On the left, the code editor window titled "Untitled" displays SuperCollider code for a simple synth definition and a pattern to play it. On the right, the documentation browser window titled "Untitled - SuperCollider IDE" shows the SuperCollider 3.10.3 documentation home page.

Code Editor Content:

```
1 // Simple synth definition using the Atari2600 UGen:  
2   
3 SynthDef(\atari2600, {fout= 0, gate= 1, tone0= 5,  
4 tone1= 8, freq0= 10, freq1= 20, amp= 1, pan= 0}  
5 var e, z;  
6 e= EnvGen.kr(Env.asr(0.01, amp, 0.05), gate,  
doneAction:2);  
7 z= Atari2600.ar(tone0, tone1, freq0, freq1, 15, 15);  
8 Out.ar(out, Pan2.ar(z*e, pan));  
9 }).store  
10 )  
11  
12 // And a pattern to play it:  
13   
14 Pbind(  
15 \instrument, \atari2600,  
16 \dur, Pseq([0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.45], inf),  
17 \amp, 0.8,  
18 \tone0, Pseq([Pseq([2, 5], 32), Pseq([3, 5], 32)],  
inf),  
19 \tone1, 14,  
20 \freq0, Pseq([Pbrown(28, 31, 1, 32),  
21 Pbrown(23, 26, 3, 32)], inf),  
22 \freq1, Pseq([Pn(10, 16), Pn(11, 16)], inf)  
23 ).play  
24 )
```

Documentation Browser Content:

SuperCollider 3.10.3 Documentation Home

SuperCollider is an audio server, programming language, and IDE for sound synthesis and algorithmic composition.

NOTE: News in SuperCollider version 3.10.

Search and browse

Search
Search all documents and methods

Browse
Browse all documents by categories

Getting started

These are useful starting points for getting help on SuperCollider:

Getting Started tutorial series
Get started with SuperCollider

Glossary
Glossary

Post window

Auto Scroll

0 : "Built-in Microph"
1 : "Built-in Output"

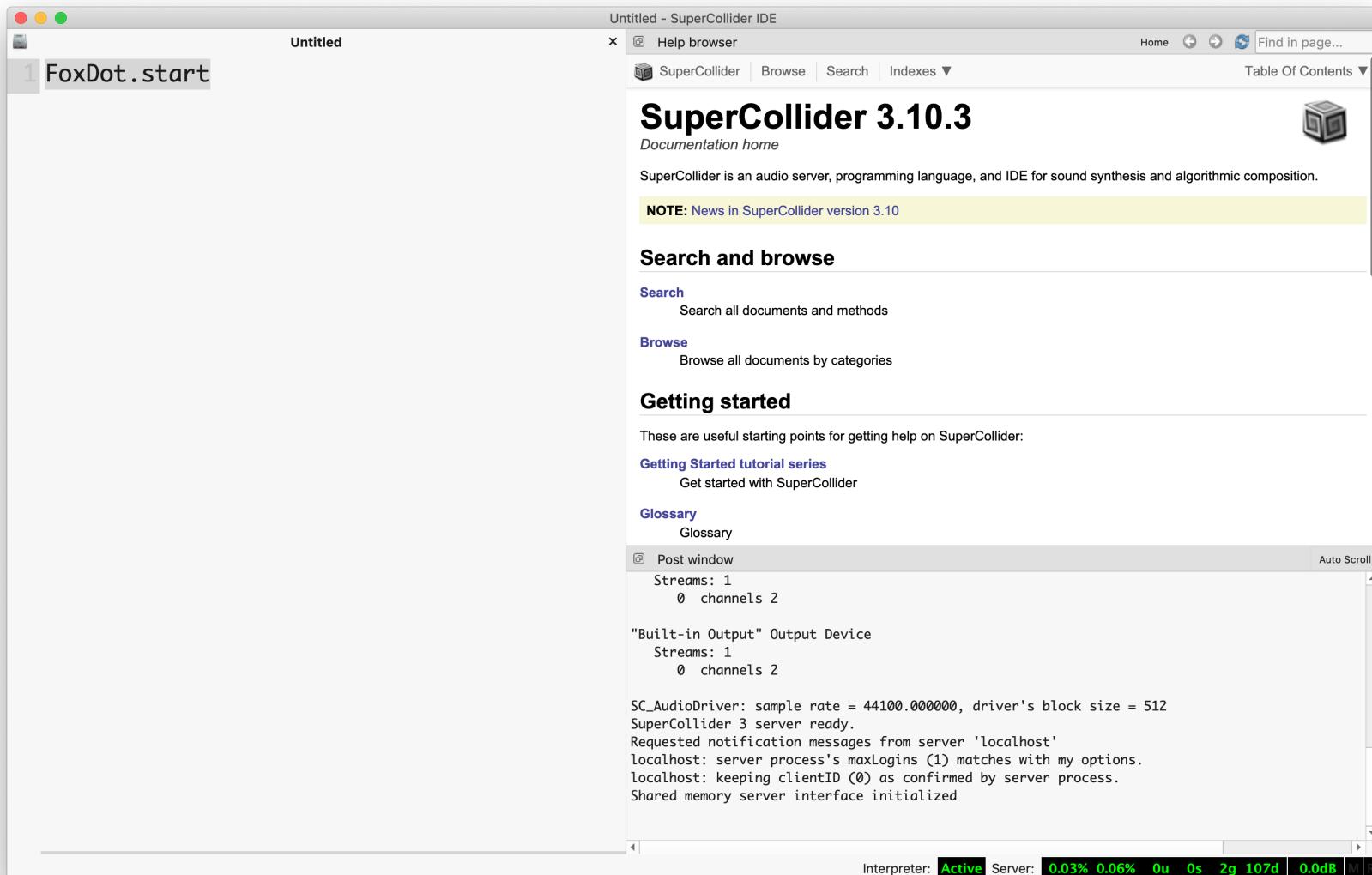
"Built-in Microph" Input Device
Streams: 1
0 channels 2

"Built-in Output" Output Device
Streams: 1
0 channels 2

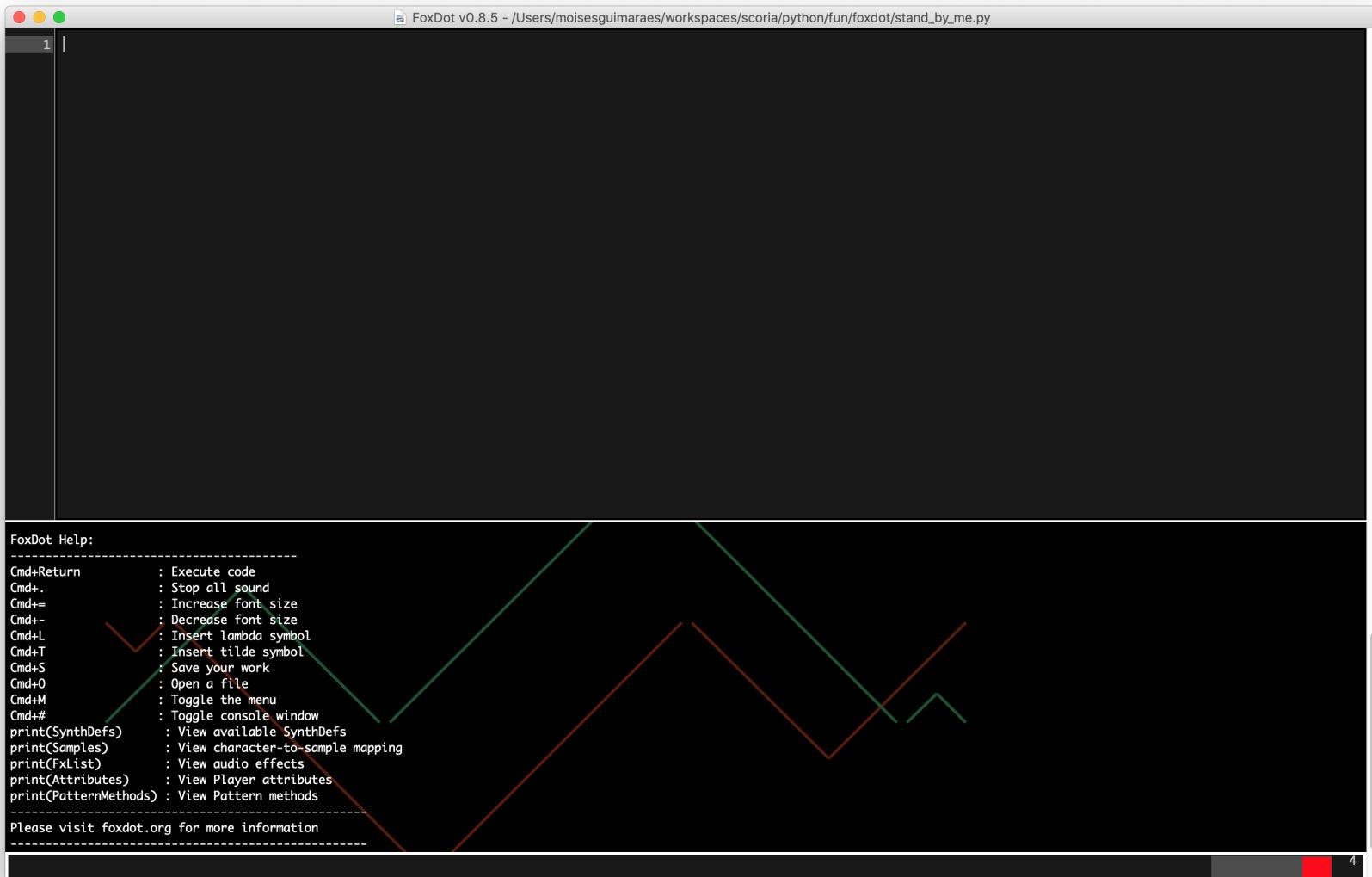
SC_AudioDriver: sample rate = 44100.000000, driver's block size = 512
SuperCollider 3 server ready.
Requested notification messages from server 'localhost'
localhost: server process's maxLogins (1) matches with my options.

Interpreter: Active Server: 0.03% 0.14% 0u 0s 2g 107d 0.0dB

SuperCollider with FoxDot



FoxDot editor



FoxDot 101

The screenshot shows a FoxDot interface window with the following content:

```
1 k1 >> pluck()
2
3 k1 >> pluck(0)
4
5 k1 >> pluck(2)
6
7 k1 >> pluck([0, 2, 4])
8
9 k1 >> pluck((0, 2, 4))
10
11 k1 >> pluck((0, 2, 4) + 1)
12
13 k1 >> pluck(P(0, 2, 4) + 1)
14
15 k1.stop()
16
17 d1 >> play("V ")
18
19 d1 >> play("V-o-V-o-V-o-V-o[--]")
20
21 d1.stop()
22
```

```
>>> k1 >> pluck(0)
>>> k1 >> pluck(2)
>>> k1 >> pluck([0, 2, 4])
>>> k1 >> pluck((0, 2, 4))
>>> k1 >> pluck((0, 2, 4) + 1)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/Users/moisesguimaraes/workspaces/scoria/python/fun/foxdot/venv/lib/python3.7/site-packages/FoxDot/lib/Code/main_lib.py", line 155, in __call__
    exec(self._compile(code), self.namespace)
  File "FoxDot", line 2, in <module>
TypeError: can only concatenate tuple (not "int") to tuple

>>> k1 >> pluck(P(0, 2, 4) + 1)
>>> k1.stop()
```

A red arrow points from the error message in the terminal to the line of code in the editor where the error occurred (line 15). A green arrow points from the same error message to the line 155 in the main_lib.py file.

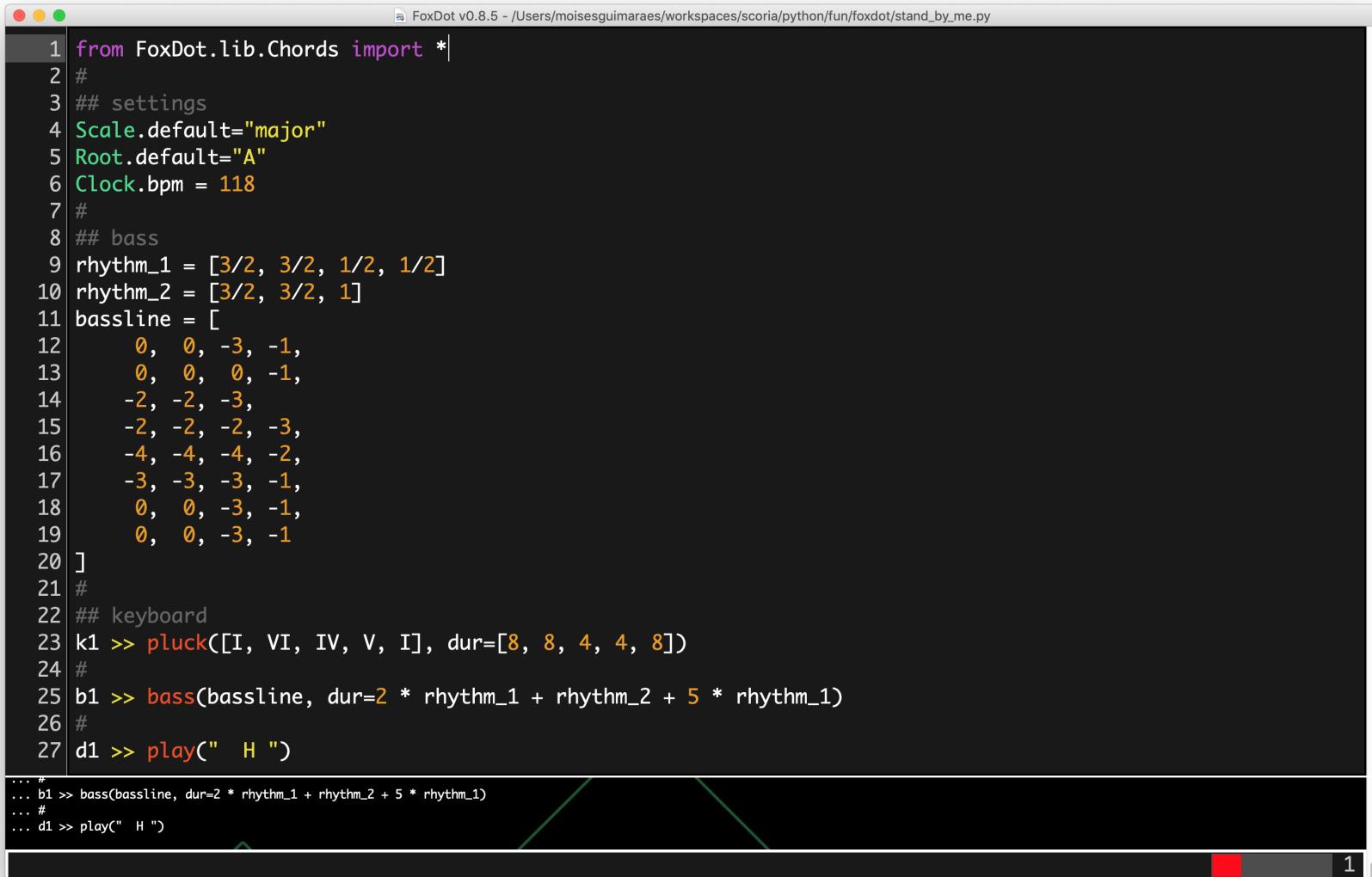
SynthDefs

FoxDot v0.8.5 - /Users/moisesguimaraes/worksaces/scoria/python/fun/foxdot/players.py

```
1 A = P(0, 2, 4)
2 Fm = A - 2
3 D = A + 3
4 E = A - 3
5 chords = [A, A, A, A, Fm, Fm, Fm, Fm, D, D, E, E, A, A, A, A]
6
7 p1 >> noise(chords)
8
9 p1 >> dab(chords)
10
11 p1 >> varsaw(chords) #
12
13 p1 >> lazer(chords)
14
15 p1 >> growl(chords)
16
17 p1 >> bass(chords)
18
19 p1 >> dirt(chords) #
20
21 p1 >> crunch(chords)
22
23 p1 >> rave(chords)
24
25 p1 >> scatter(chords)
26
27 p1 >> charm(chords)
28
>>> p1 >> keys(chords)
>>> p1 >> dbass(chords)
>>> p1 >> sinepad(chords)
>>> p1.stop()
```

3

FoxDot Lightning Talks



The screenshot shows a window titled "FoxDot v0.8.5 - /Users/moisesguimaraes/workspaces/scoria/python/fun/foxdot/stand_by_me.py". The code editor contains Python code for generating music. The code includes imports from FoxDot.lib.Chords, settings for Scale (major), Root (A), and Clock (bpm 118), and definitions for rhythm patterns (rhythm_1, rhythm_2) and a bassline. It then defines chords (k1, b1) and a drum pattern (d1) using the play() function.

```
1 from FoxDot.lib.Chords import *
2 #
3 ## settings
4 Scale.default="major"
5 Root.default="A"
6 Clock.bpm = 118
7 #
8 ## bass
9 rhythm_1 = [3/2, 3/2, 1/2, 1/2]
10 rhythm_2 = [3/2, 3/2, 1]
11 bassline = [
12     0, 0, -3, -1,
13     0, 0, 0, -1,
14     -2, -2, -3,
15     -2, -2, -2, -3,
16     -4, -4, -4, -2,
17     -3, -3, -3, -1,
18     0, 0, -3, -1,
19     0, 0, -3, -1
20 ]
21 #
22 ## keyboard
23 k1 >> pluck([I, VI, IV, V, I], dur=[8, 8, 4, 4, 8])
24 #
25 b1 >> bass(bassline, dur=2 * rhythm_1 + rhythm_2 + 5 * rhythm_1)
26 #
27 d1 >> play(" H ")
...
... b1 >> bass(bassline, dur=2 * rhythm_1 + rhythm_2 + 5 * rhythm_1)
... #
... d1 >> play(" H ")
```



EUROPYTHON 2019



Moisés Guimarães @moisesguimaraes · 28 de out de 2018

1

#foxtot @ #pythonbr14



 **Rafael Henrique** @rafaelhenrique · 19 de out de 2018

Moisés mandando muuuuuuito bem na Lightning talk dele na #PythonBR14 Sensacional!

Mostrar esta sequência

0:29 484 visualizações



↪ Você retweetou



Python Pizza @pythonpizzaconf · 5 de ago de 2019

It's official! MC Cthulhu (@moisesguimaraes) is gonna join us for
berlin.python.pizza

▼



1

1

20

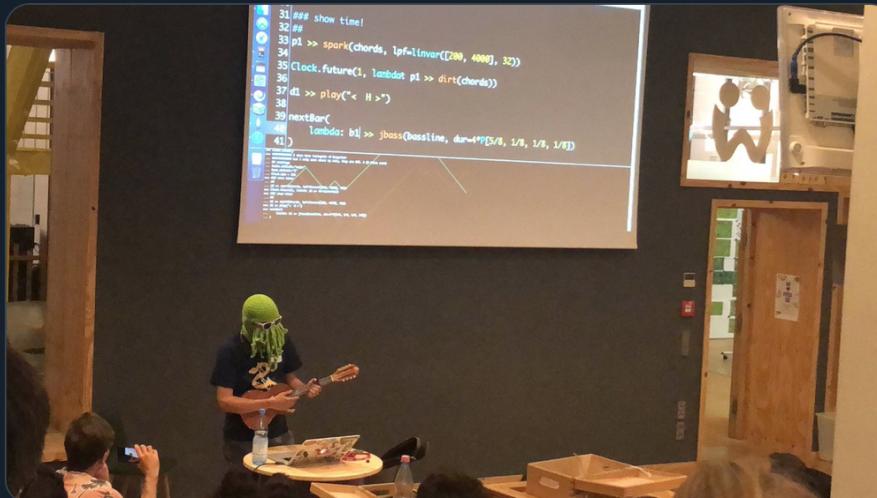
↑

↪ Você retweetou



Anastasiia Tymoshchuk @anastasiyatymo · 23 de ago de 201

Awesome talk by @moisesguimaraes @pythonpizzaconf



1

4

13



Você retweetou



Érico Andrei @ericof · 23 de ago de 2019

Kudos to @moisesguimaraes for signing, playing, dancing & coding during a 10 minutes talk. #berlinpythonpyzza #pythonbrasil
@pythonpizzaconf



5

24



```
# Stand by Me

from FoxDot.lib.Chords import *
#
## settings
Scale.default="major"
Root.default="A"
Clock.bpm = 118
#
## bass
rhythm_1 = [3/2, 3/2, 1/2, 1/2]
rhythm_2 = [3/2, 3/2, 1]
bassline = [
    0, 0, -3, -1, 0, 0, 0, -1, -2, -2, -3, -2, -2, -2, -2, -3,
    -4, -4, -4, -2, -3, -3, -3, -1, 0, 0, -3, -1, 0, 0, -3, -1
]
#
## keyboard
k1 >> pluck([I, VI, IV, V, I], dur=[8, 8, 4, 4, 8])
#
b1 >> bass(bassline, dur=2 * rhythm_1 + rhythm_2 + 5 * rhythm_1)
#
d1 >> play(" H ")
```

```
# 4 Chords song

Scale.default="major"
Root.default="E"
Clock.bpm = 116

I  = P*((2, 4), 0)
V  = I + 4
VI = I + 5
IV = I + 3
chords = var([I, V, VI, IV], 4)
p1 >> pluck(chords)

bassline = [0, 1, 2, 4, 4, 5, 6, 5, 5, 6, 7, 3, 3, 6, 7, 0]
b1 >> bass(bassline, dur=4*P[5/8, 1/8, 1/8, 1/8])
p1 >> spark(chords, lpf=linvar([200, 4000], 32))

Clock.future(16*6, lambda: p1 >> dirt(chords))
d1 >> play("< H >")

nextBar(
    lambda: b1 >> jbass(bassline, dur=4*P[5/8, 1/8, 1/8, 1/8])
)
```



THANK YOU!

GUIMARAES+TALKS@PM.ME

[HTTPS://MOISESGUIMARAES.COM/TALKS/](https://moiseguimaraes.com/talks/)